

# **IMPORTANT EVALUATION TOOL FOR IDENTIFYING THE STRENGTHS AND WEAKNESSES OF THE FAMILY PLANNING PROGRAMME**

**FIELD WORKERS INTERVIEWED**

**2,698 MAURITIAN RESPONDENTS**

**500 RODRIGUAN RESPONDENTS**

**BETWEEN JUNE AND AUGUST 2002**

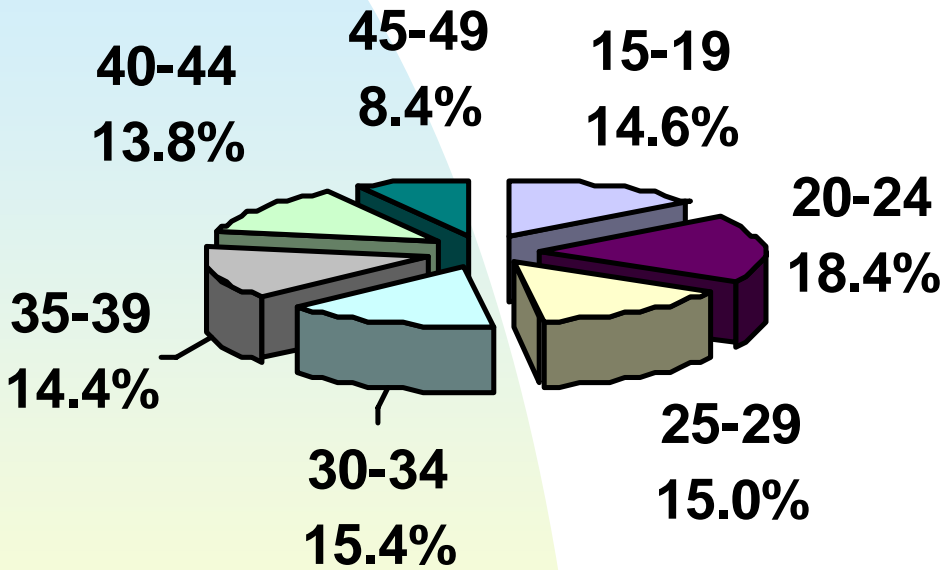
**1991 CPS**  
**WOMEN IN THE**  
**REPRODUCTIVE AGE**  
**GROUP 15-44**

**2002 CPS**  
**WOMEN IN THE**  
**REPRODUCTIVE AGE**  
**GROUP 15-49**

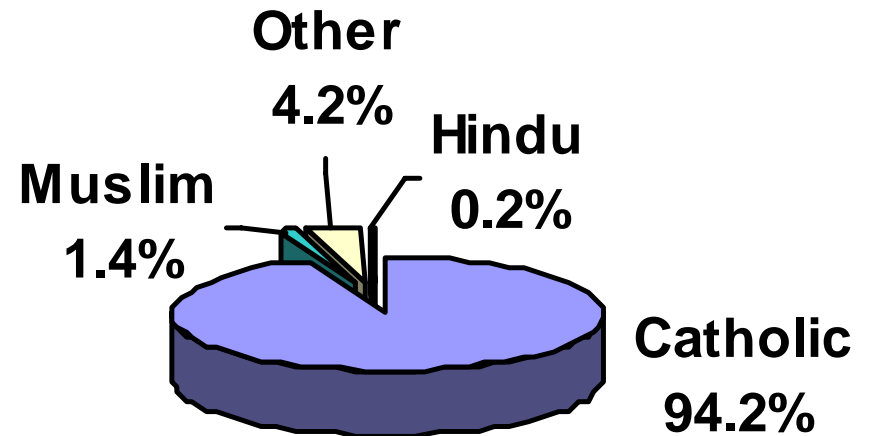
**DATA HAVE TO BE ADJUSTED**

# SOCIO-DEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS

## Age group

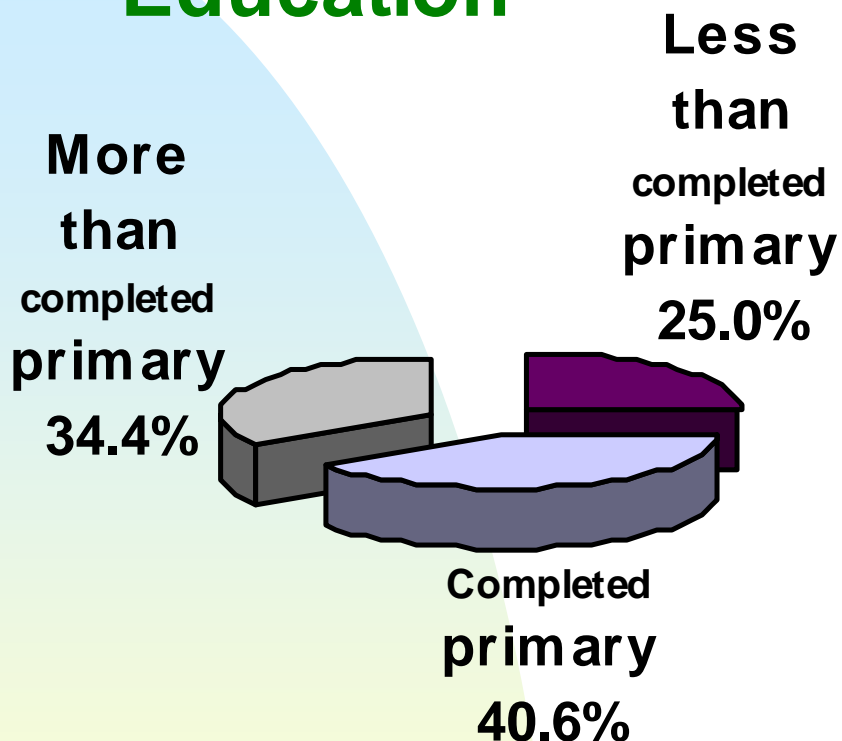


## Religion

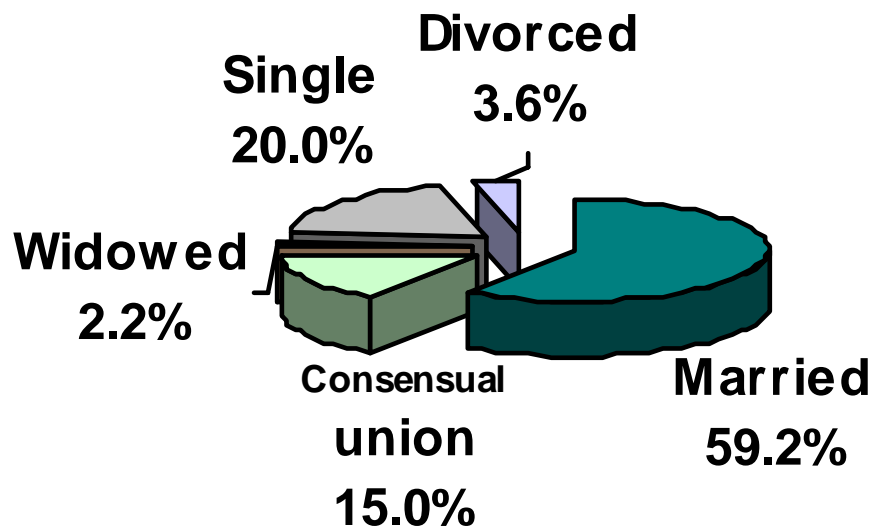


# SOCIO- DEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS

## Education

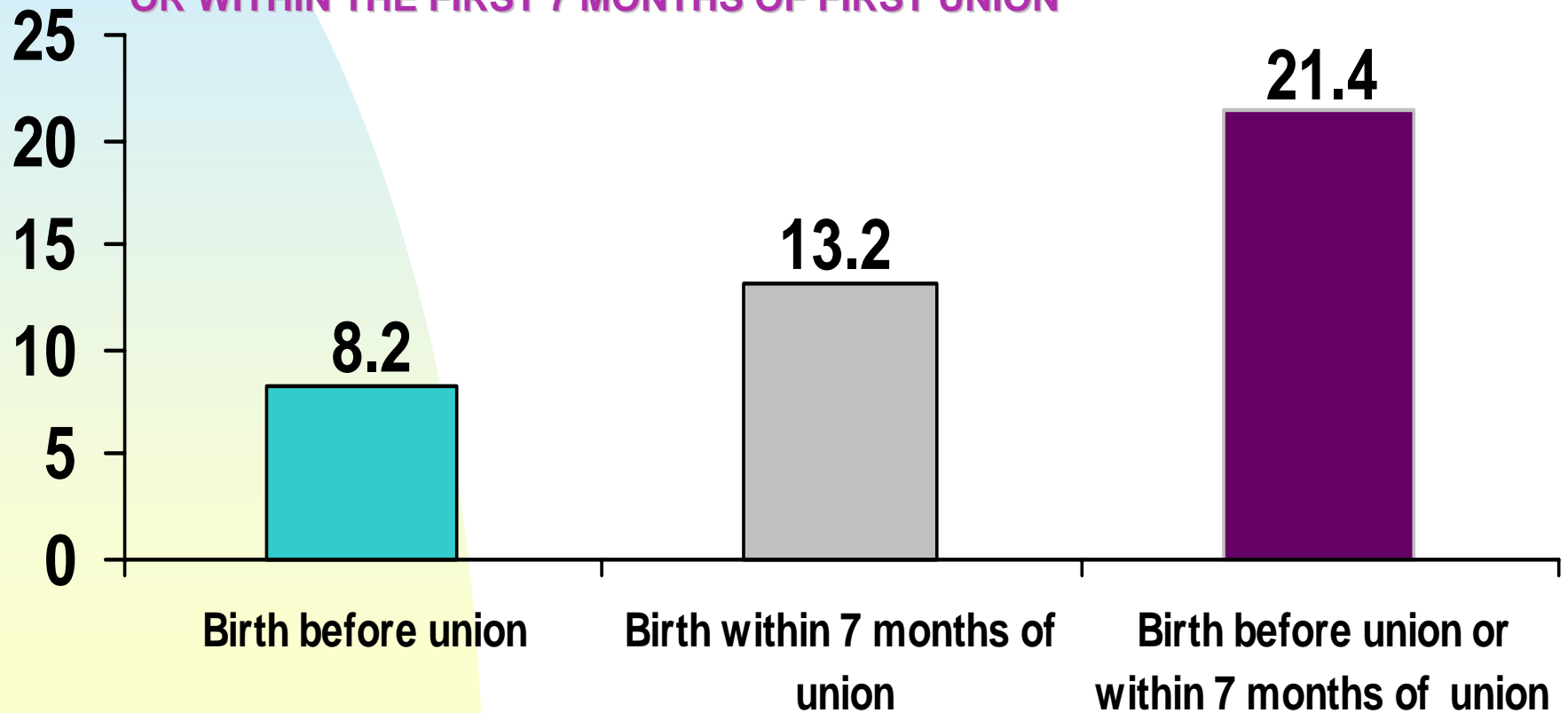


## Marital status



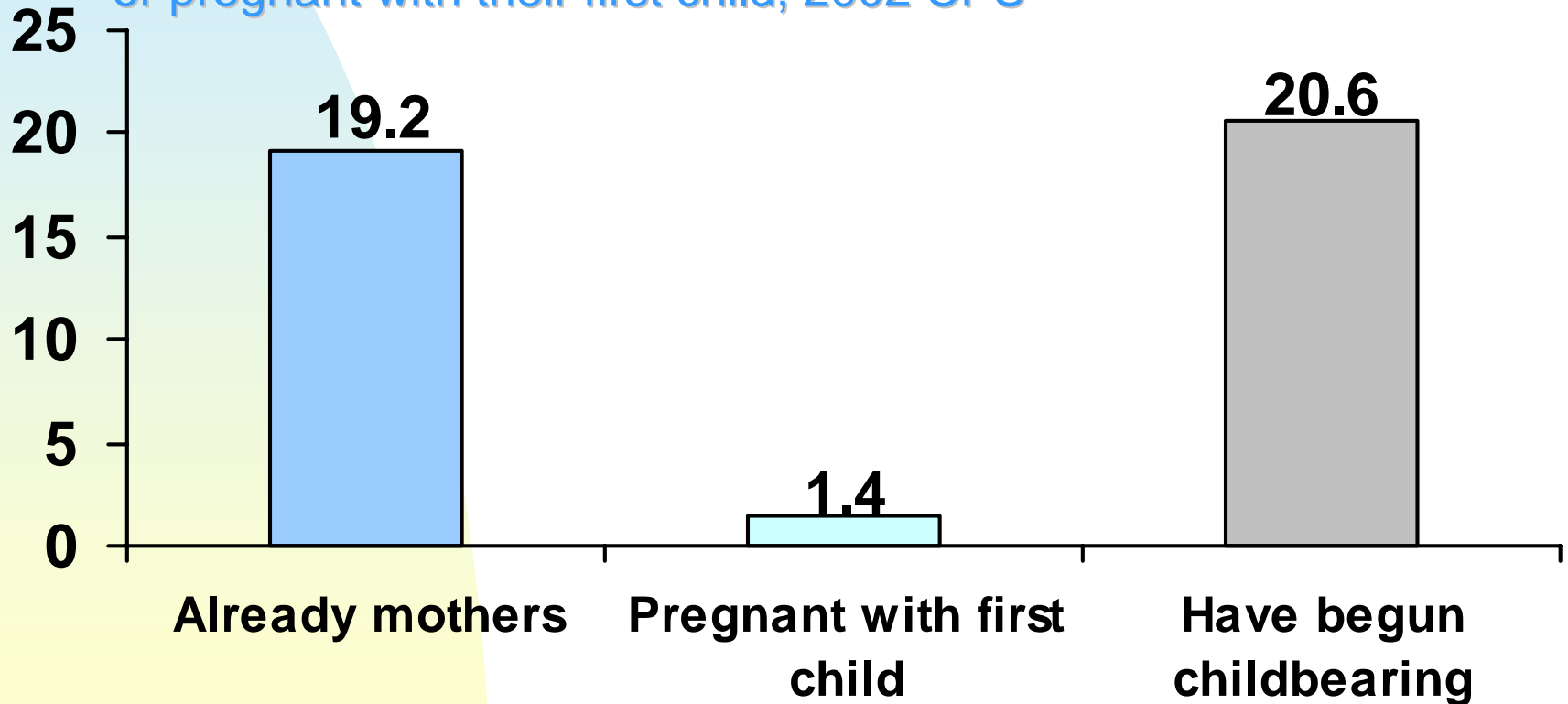
# ONE IN FIVE RESPONDENTS HAS A PREMARITAL CONCEPTION

PERCENTAGE OF FIRST BIRTHS THAT OCCURRED BEFORE FIRST UNION  
OR WITHIN THE FIRST 7 MONTHS OF FIRST UNION



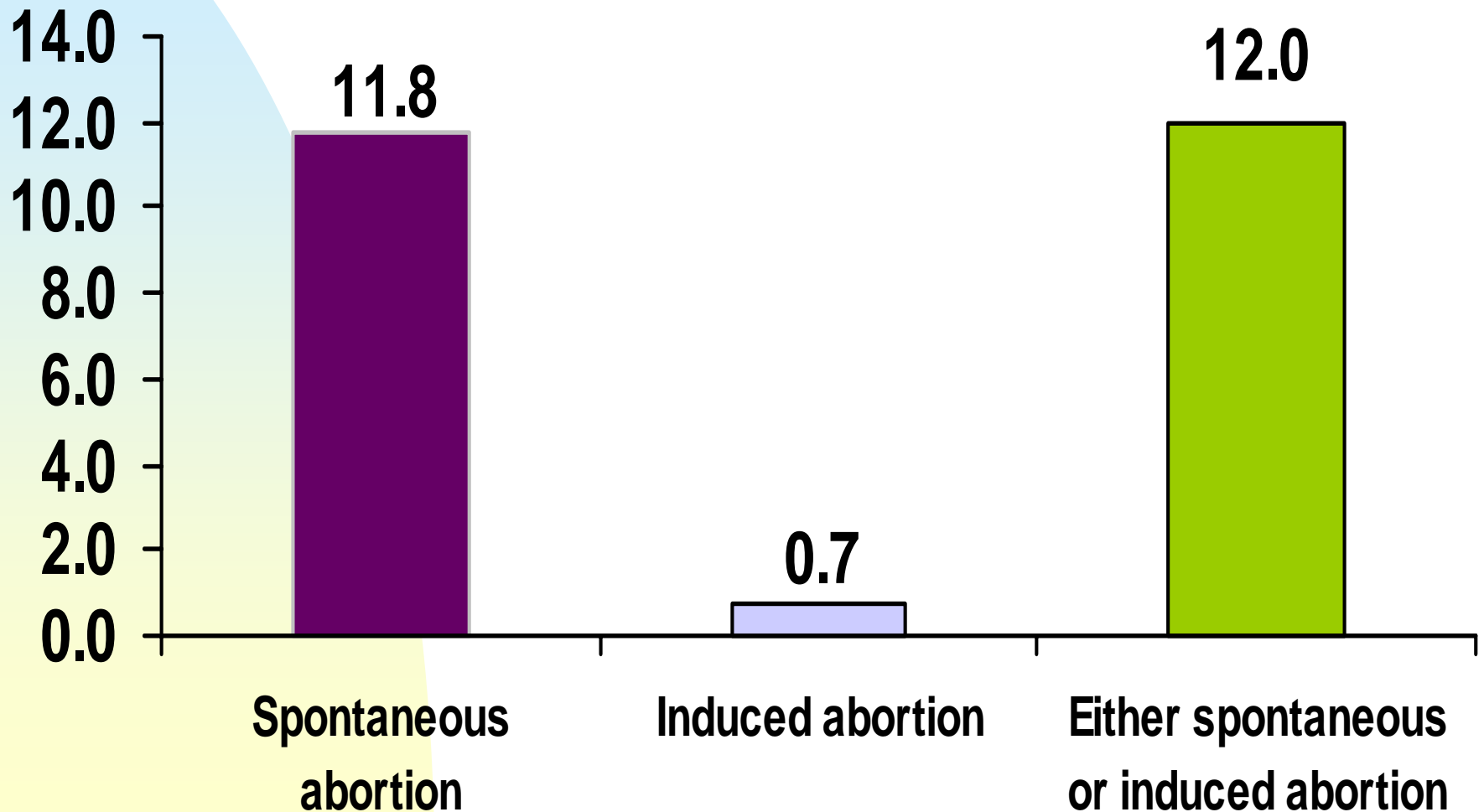
# ONE IN FIVE TEENAGERS HAS ALREADY STARTED CHILDBEARING

Percent distribution of teenagers age 15-19 years who are mothers or pregnant with their first child, 2002 CPS



# ABORTION

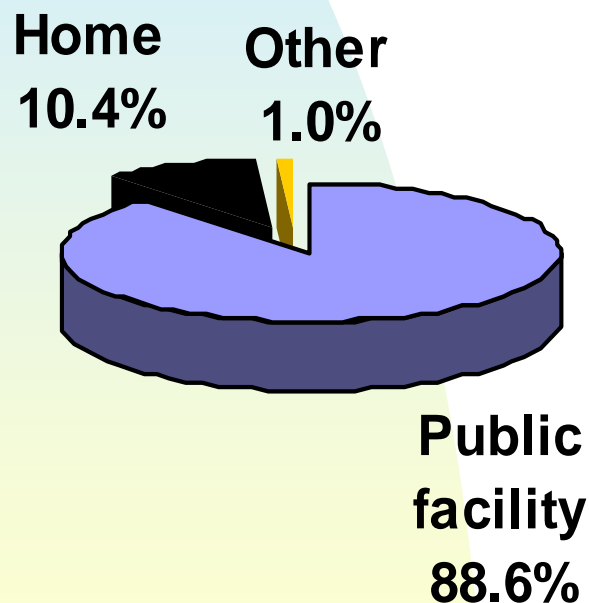
Percent distribution of women age 15 - 44 years who reported of having had at least one abortion, 2002 CPS



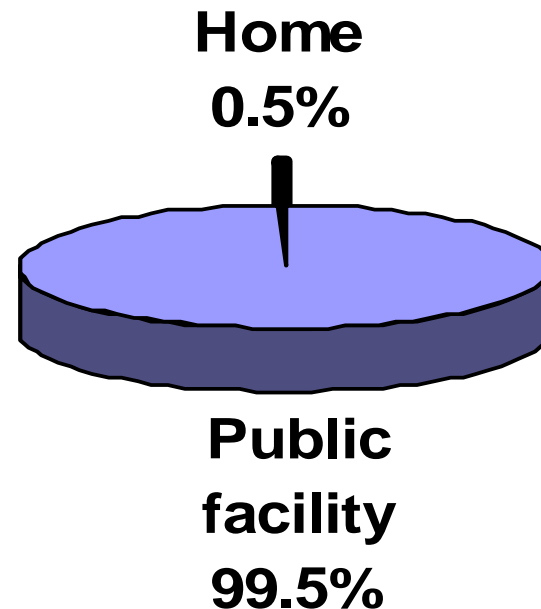


# PLACE OF DELIVERY

## 1991 CPS



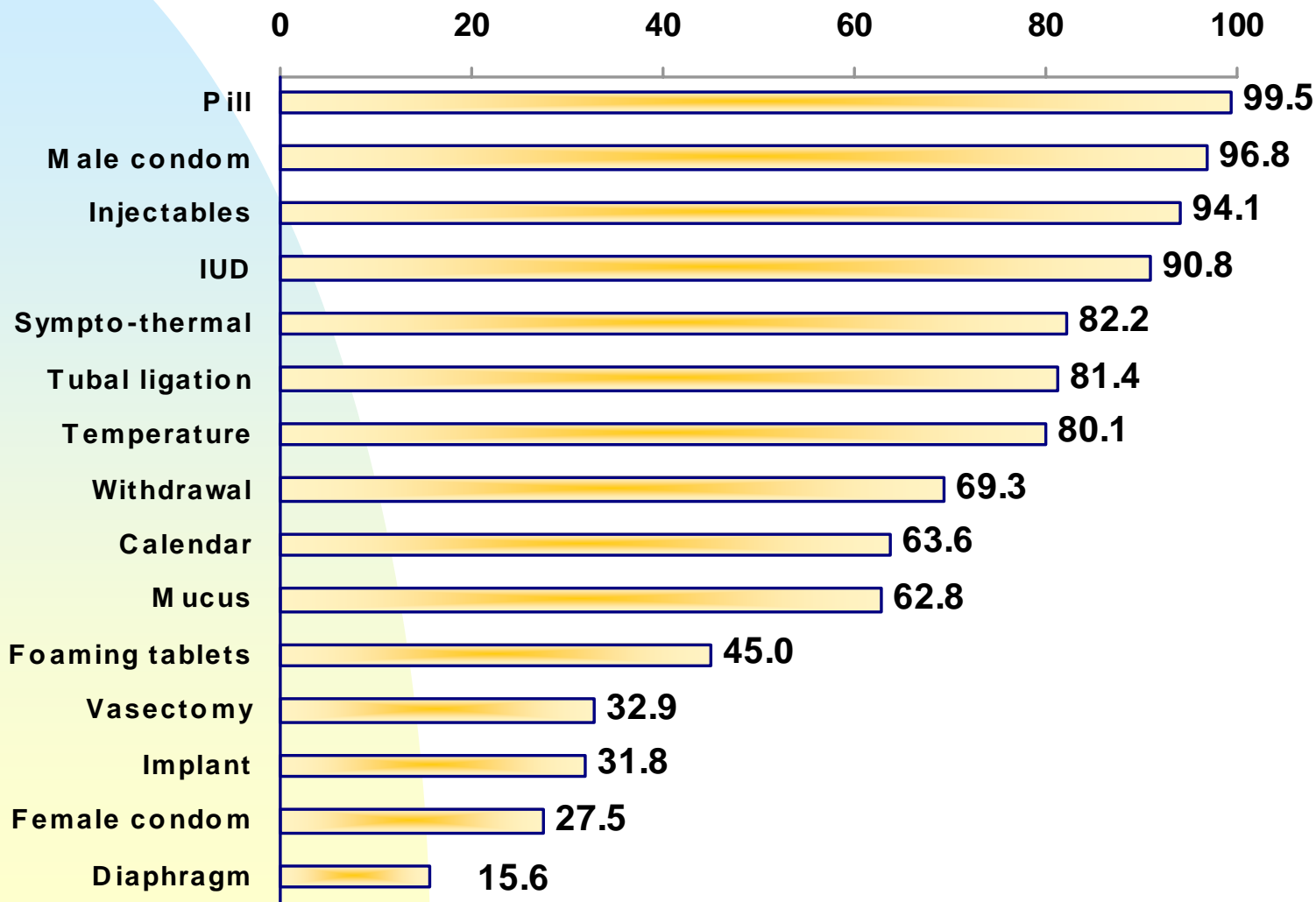
## 2002 CPS



AMONG ALL LAST BIRTHS IN THE FIVE YEARS PRECEDING THE SURVEY  
FOR CURRENTLY MARRIED WOMEN AGE 15-44 YEARS

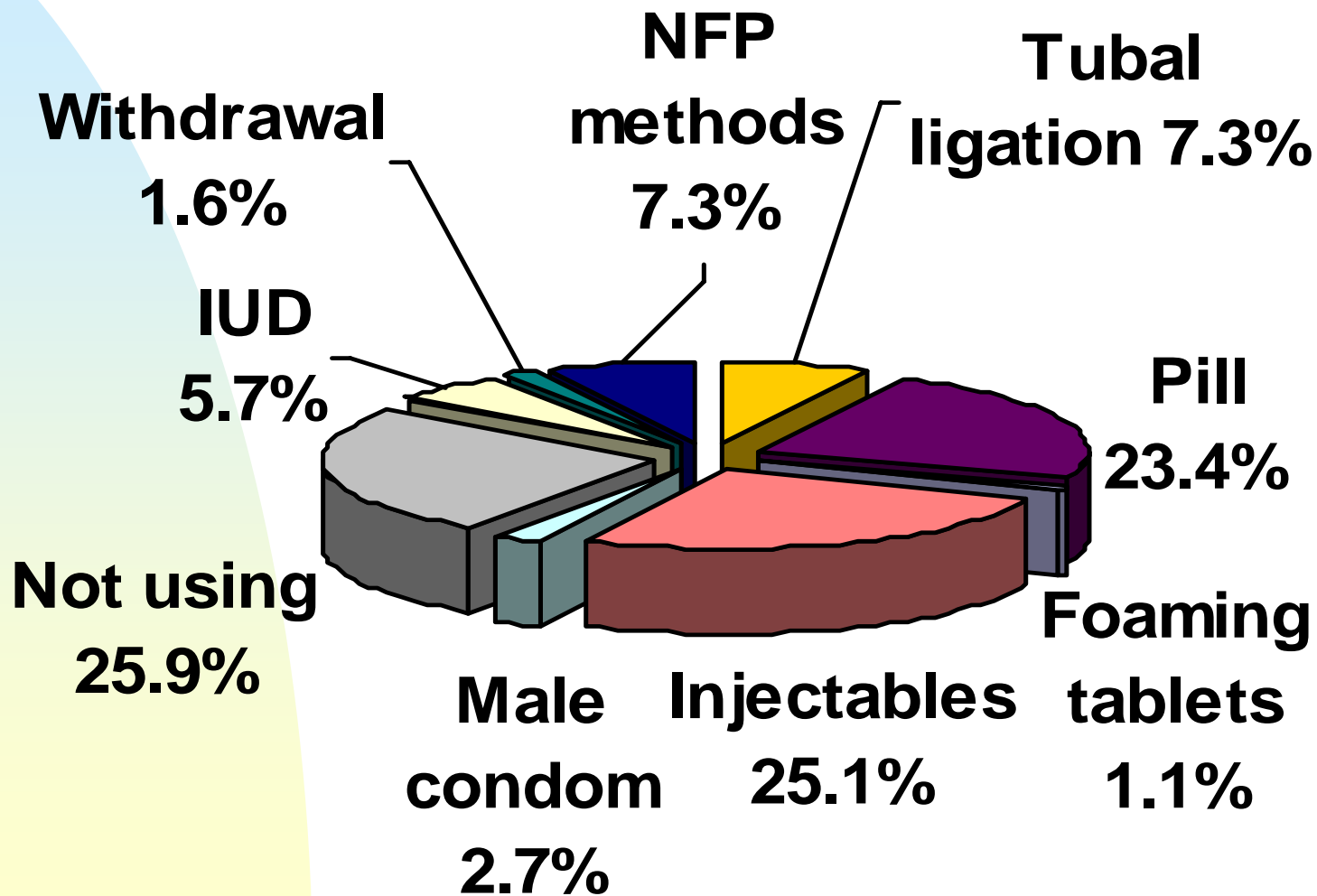


Percent distribution of knowledge of contraceptive methods among currently married women age 15-49 years, 2002 CPS



<b>Knowledge of contraceptive method</b>	<b>All women age 15 - 49</b>	<b>Currently married women age 15 - 49</b>	<b>Currently married women age 15 - 44</b>	<b>Currently married women age 15 - 44</b>
	<b>2002 CPS</b>			<b>1991 CPS</b>
<b>Any method</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>99.1</b>
<b>Tubal ligation</b>	<b>75.4</b>	<b>81.4</b>	<b>81.2</b>	<b>89.3</b>
<b>Vasectomy</b>	<b>33.2</b>	<b>32.9</b>	<b>31.6</b>	<b>32.8</b>
<b>Pill</b>	<b>98.4</b>	<b>99.5</b>	<b>99.7</b>	<b>98.6</b>
<b>Injectables</b>	<b>91.4</b>	<b>94.1</b>	<b>94.0</b>	<b>98.6</b>
<b>IUD</b>	<b>84.6</b>	<b>90.8</b>	<b>91.3</b>	<b>93.0</b>
<b>Male condom</b>	<b>94.4</b>	<b>96.8</b>	<b>97.0</b>	<b>93.6</b>
<b>Female condom</b>	<b>26.8</b>	<b>27.5</b>	<b>27.5</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Diaphragm</b>	<b>17.8</b>	<b>15.6</b>	<b>15.5</b>	<b>14.2</b>
<b>Foaming tablets</b>	<b>41.8</b>	<b>45.0</b>	<b>45.1</b>	<b>20.3</b>
<b>Implant</b>	<b>28.8</b>	<b>31.8</b>	<b>32.2</b>	<b>4.1</b>
<b>Sympto-thermal</b>	<b>78.2</b>	<b>82.2</b>	<b>82.7</b>	<b>87.3</b>
<b>Mucus</b>	<b>57.8</b>	<b>62.8</b>	<b>61.8</b>	<b>64.6</b>
<b>Calendar</b>	<b>61.2</b>	<b>63.6</b>	<b>64.5</b>	<b>61.2</b>
<b>Temperature</b>	<b>77.8</b>	<b>80.1</b>	<b>80.0</b>	<b>86.4</b>
<b>Withdrawal</b>	<b>63.6</b>	<b>69.3</b>	<b>69.9</b>	<b>64.1</b>

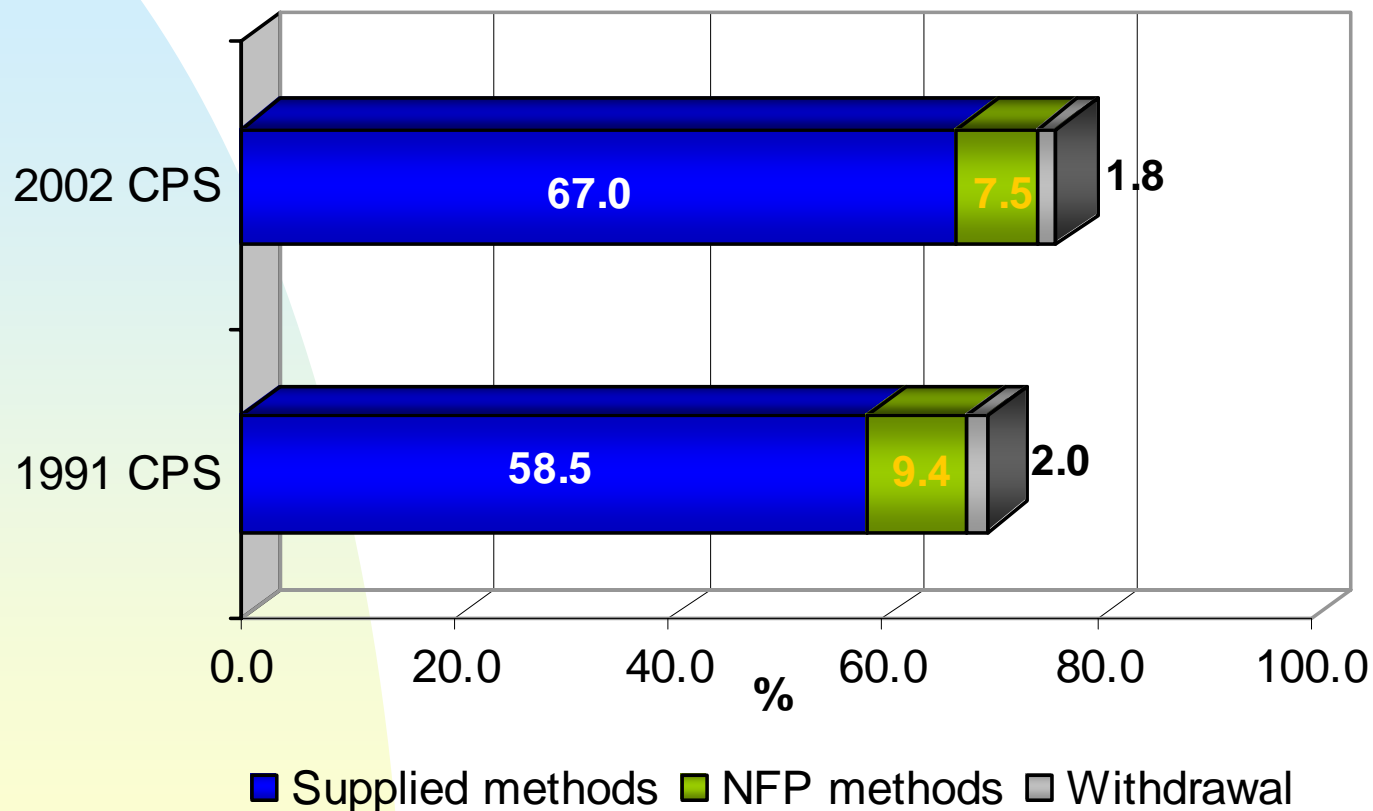
# Percent distribution of contraceptive use among currently married women age 15-49 years 2002 CPS



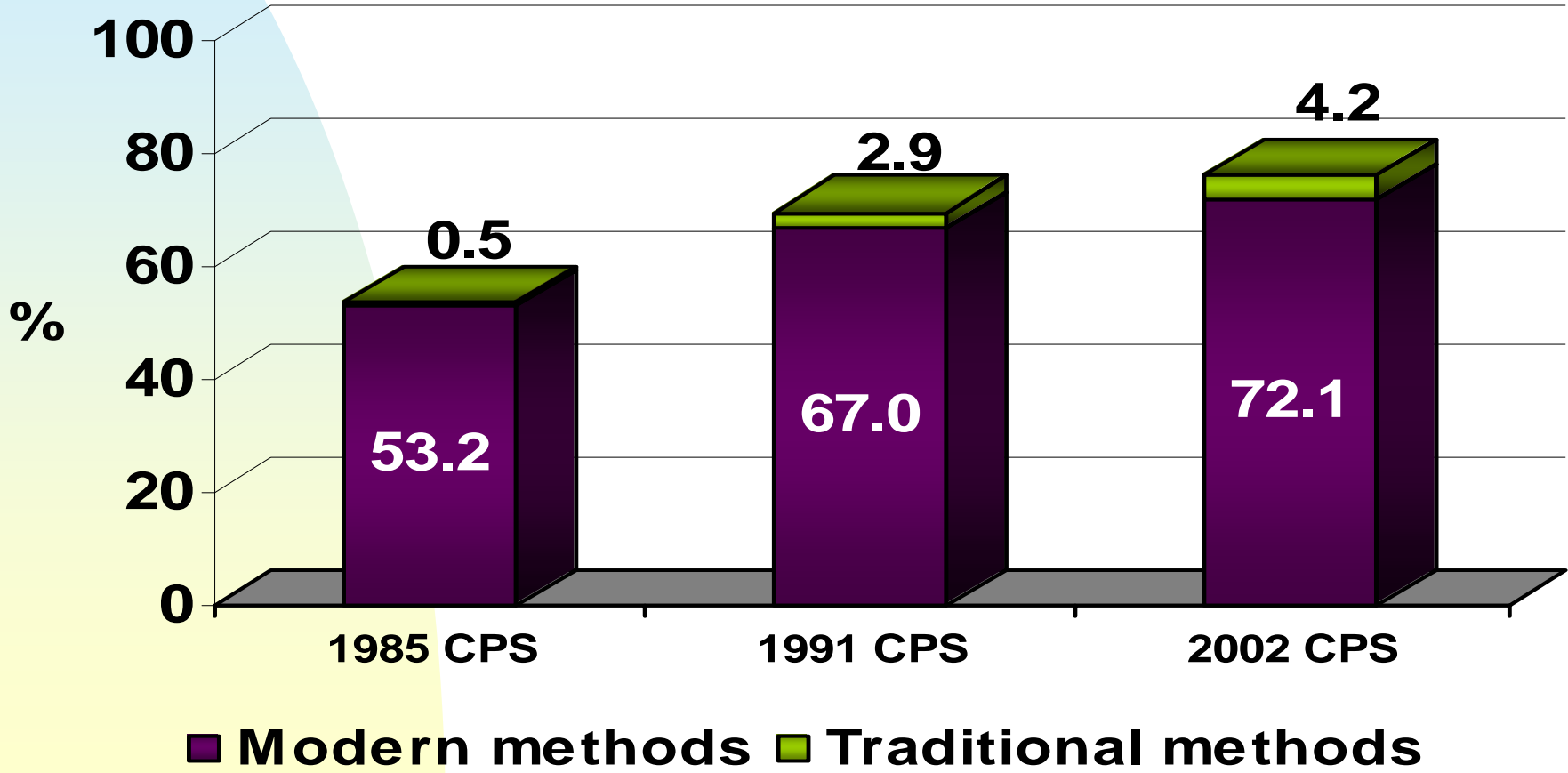


Current users of contraceptive method	All women age 15 - 49	Currently married women age 15 - 49	Currently married women age 15 - 44	Currently married women age 15 - 44
	2002 CPS			1991 CPS
<b>Currently using any method</b>	<b>57.8</b>	<b>74.1</b>	<b>76.1</b>	<b>70.1</b>
<b>Tubal ligation</b>	<b>5.8</b>	<b>7.3</b>	<b>6.6</b>	<b>4.6</b>
<b>Vasectomy</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>
<b>Pill</b>	<b>18.0</b>	<b>23.4</b>	<b>24.8</b>	<b>22.9</b>
<b>Injectables</b>	<b>19.4</b>	<b>25.1</b>	<b>26.9</b>	<b>22.0</b>
<b>IUD</b>	<b>4.6</b>	<b>5.7</b>	<b>5.1</b>	<b>3.2</b>
<b>Male condom</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>2.7</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>5.5</b>
<b>Foaming tablets</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>0.3</b>
<b>Sympto-thermal</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>3.5</b>	<b>3.9</b>	<b>4.4</b>
<b>Mucus</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>3.8</b>
<b>Calendar</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>0.9</b>
<b>Temperature</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>0.3</b>
<b>Withdrawal</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>2.0</b>

## Percent distribution of currently married women age 15-44 years who are currently using contraception by type of method\*

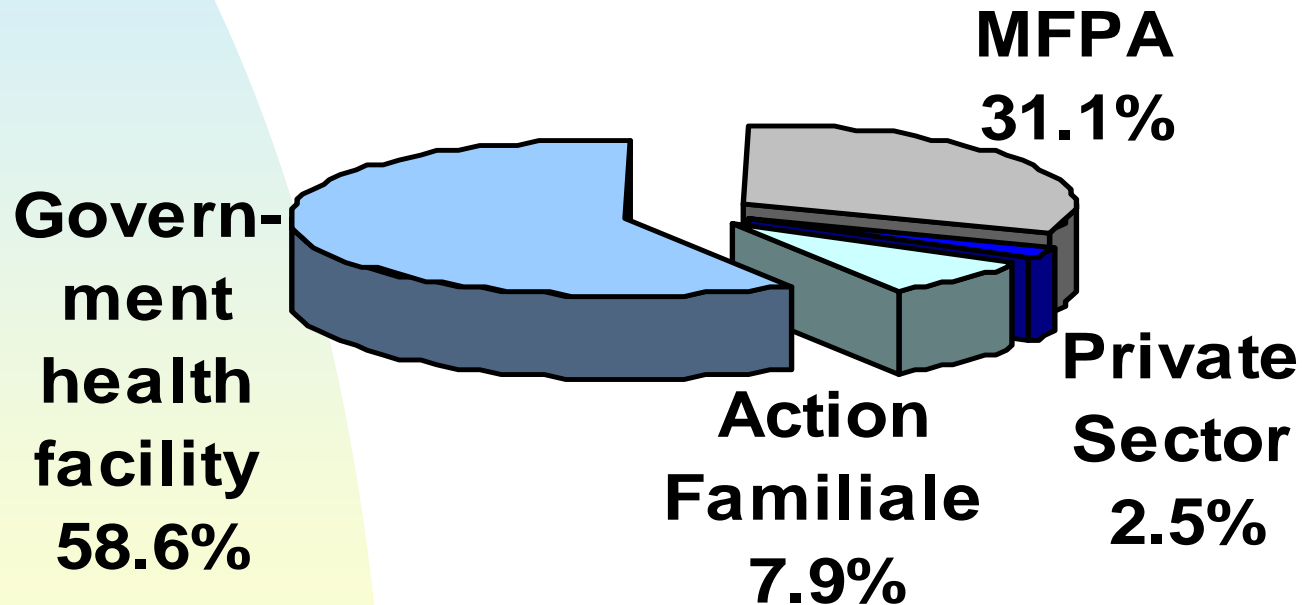


# Trends in contraceptive use among currently married women age 15-44 years\*



# SOURCE OF SUPPLY

Among all women age 15-49 years  
2002 CPS



# SOURCE OF SUPPLY

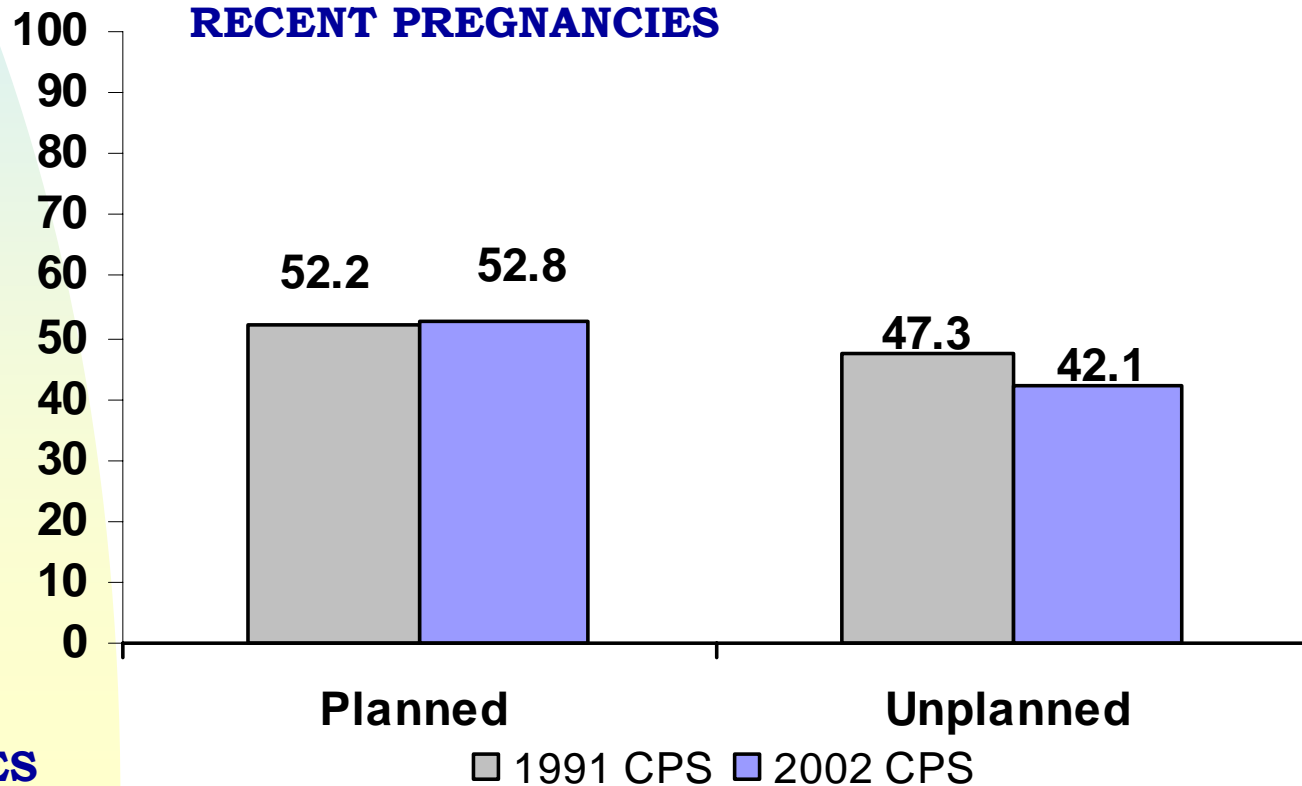
Source of supply	Currently married women age 15 - 49	Currently married women age 15 - 44	Currently married women age 15 - 44
	<b>2002 CPS</b>		<b>1991 CPS</b>
<b>Government</b>	<b>57.8</b>	<b>58.5</b>	<b>62.2</b>
<b>MFPA</b>	<b>31.3</b>	<b>30.2</b>	<b>20.2</b>
<b>Action Familiale</b>	<b>8.2</b>	<b>8.5</b>	<b>16.7</b>
<b>Private sector</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>0.9</b>



## ARE COUPLES SUCCESSFULLY CONTROLLING THEIR FERTILITY?

Planning status	Currently married women age 15 – 49 2002 CPS
Wanted	52.0
Mistimed	25.8
Unwanted	16.7
Not sure	5.6

### PERCENT DISTRIBUTION OF CURRENTLY MARRIED WOMEN BY PLANNING STATUS OF THEIR MOST RECENT PREGNANCIES

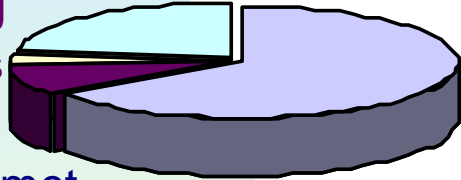


# UNMET NEED FOR FAMILY PLANNING

## 1991 CPS

Unmet need for more effective family planning methods 2.9%

**Not in need, 22.3%**



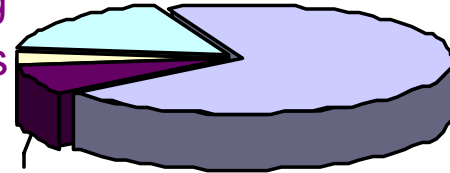
Using more effective methods 65.0%

Unmet need for family planning services 9.7%

## 2002 CPS

Unmet need for more effective family planning methods 3.9%

**Not in need, 17.0%**



Using more effective methods 70.2%

Unmet need for family planning services 8.9%



CURRENT USERS OF WITHDRAWAL METHOD OR CALENDAR METHOD

FECUND WOMEN: SEXUALLY ACTIVE, NOT CURRENTLY PREGNANT & DO NOT DESIRE TO BECOME PREGNANT BUT NOT USING ANY FP METHOD

# BREASTFEEDING INDICATORS



CPS	% ever breastfed *	Mean duration * (in months) of :	
		Any breastfeeding	Exclusive breastfeeding
<b>1985</b>	<b>95.0</b>	<b>15.0</b>	-
<b>1991</b>	<b>92.0</b>	<b>16.0</b>	-
<b>2002</b>	<b>98.0</b>	<b>11.6</b>	<b>1.8</b>

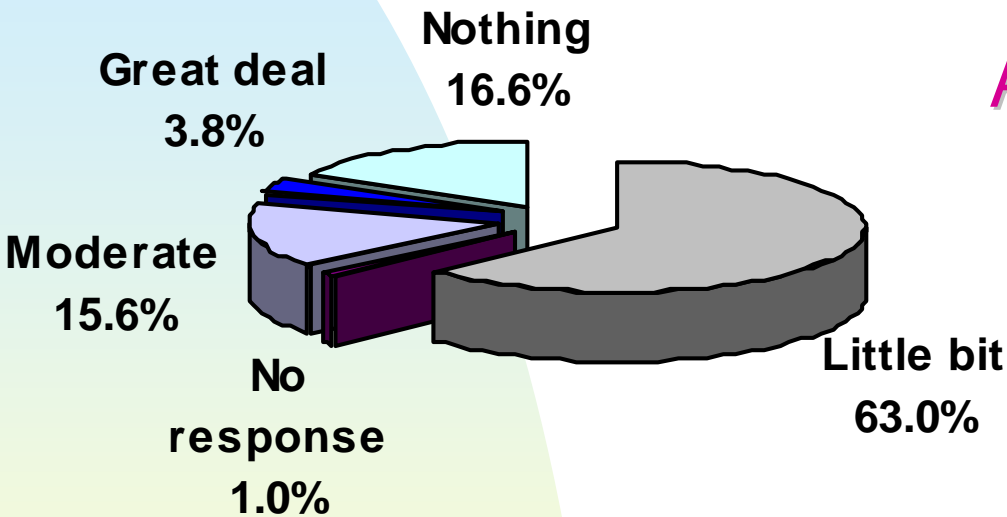
\*Among last - born children born *two years* preceding the survey

\*Among last - born children born *five years* preceding the survey

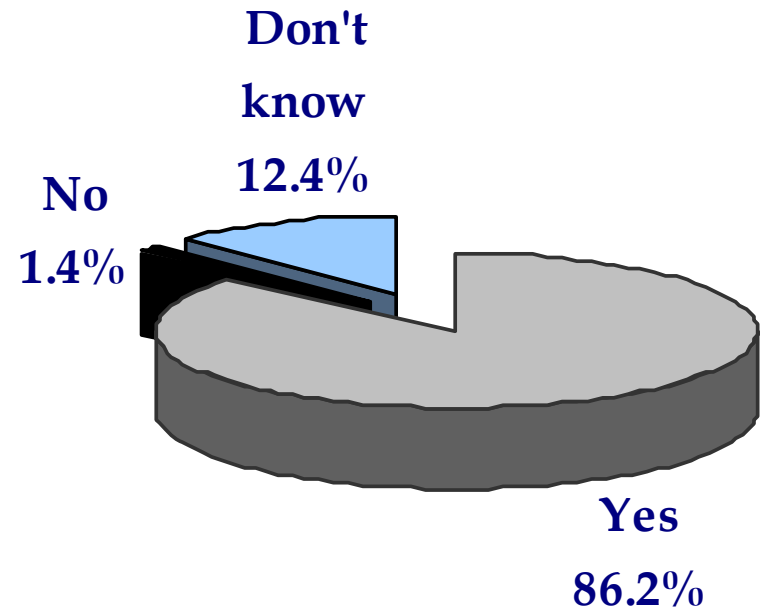


# KNOWLEDGE AMONG ALL RESPONDENTS

## ABOUT AIDS



## ABOUT WAYS TO AVOID GETTING HIV/AIDS



**Table 14 Unprompted knowledge of ways to avoid getting HIV/AIDS**

	%
Use condoms	67.0
Keep to one sexual partner	51.6
Limit number of sexual partners	23.4
Avoid sex with persons who have many partners	19.4
Abstain from sex	19.2
Avoid sex with intravenous drug users	15.4
Avoid blood transfusions	14.0
Avoid injections	12.6
Avoid sex with homosexuals	8.8
Avoid sex with sex workers	8.8
Avoid sharing razor blades	3.2
Avoid mosquito bites	0.2

**Table 15 Prompted knowledge about ways of HIV transmission**

	%
Sexual intercourse	93.6
From mother to child	88.8
Sharing of syringes with drug addicts	83.8
Blood transfusion	81.0
Mosquito bites	37.8
Kissing	25.4
Sharing food, cups or glasses with a person	21.2
Using toilets	20.2
Swimming pools	17.2
Touching or hugging	13.0



STIGMATISATION AND DISCRIMINATION AGAINST HIV/AIDS INFECTED PERSONS  
STILL PREVAIL

40.9 percent of respondents, who have heard about AIDS, are willing to take care of a relative who is infected with AIDS in their own household

**55.6 percent of respondents believe that AIDS infected persons, who work with other persons, should be allowed to continue their work**



